Northern Distribution Records for *Tachysphex terminatus* (Smith) (Hymenoptera: Sphecidae, Larrinae)

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Abstract: Specimens of *Tachysphex terminatus* (Smith) were collected from localities in Alberta and Alaska during June, 1971; these localities are considerably north of the previously known range of the species.

Tachysphex terminatus (Smith) is a small black digger wasp, common in sandy habitats throughout much of North America. G. E. Bohart in Muesebeck, et al., 1951 listed the range of the species from Ontario and British Columbia extending south to Arizona and Georgia.

As part of a study of morphological variation in this species (Elliott, 1971), specimens of *T. terminatus* from 61 museum collections in the United States and Canada were examined. Northern records found among these specimens are as follows:

1 & Hull, Quebec, 21 July, 1947 (W. R. Mason); Lakeside, Quebec (J. W. Buckle): 1 & 24 June, 1931; 2 ♀ 11 July, 1931; 5 ♀ 16 July, 1931; 5 ♀ 19 July, 1931; 1 ♀ 22 July, 1931; 2 ♀ 23 July, 1931; 1 ♀ 24 July, 1931; 4 ♀, 5 & 27 July, 1931; 3 ♀ 28 July, 1931; 1 ♀ 30 July, 1931; 2 ♀, 1 & 1 August, 1931; 1 ♀ 2 August, 1931; 2 ♀ 3 August, 1931; 1 & 8 August, 1931; 1 & Lanoraie, Quebec, 24 June, 1924 (J. W. Buckle); 1 & St. Hilaire, Quebec, 30 July, 1927 (J. W. Buckle); 1 ♀ Ottawa, Ontario 24 July, 1947 (W. R. Mason); 1 ♀ Ottawa, Ontario, 31 August, 1947 (W. R. Mason); 1 & Cape Breton National Park, Nova Scotia, 5 August, 1954 (A. & H. Dietrich); 1 ♀ Prince Edward Island National Park, Prince Edward Island, 25 August, 1953 (E. L. Kessel); 1 ♀ Vernon, British Columbia, 5 August, 1947 (Hugh B. Leech).

The northernmost extension of the recorded collection localities is approximately 50.5° north latitude for Vernon, British Columbia. In the summer of 1971, we collected samples of T. terminatus which greatly extend the northern limit of its range. Collection data for these samples along with approximate latitude of each locality are as follows:

4 \circlearrowleft , 3 $\mbox{\&}$ White court, Alberta, 20 June, 1971 (54° N); 3 $\mbox{\@}$, 42 $\mbox{\&}$ Mile 1246 Alaska Highway, Alaska, 23 June, 1971 (60° N).

Specimens from both these populations exhibited normal abdominal color patterns for members of this species found west of the Rockies; males were all-black, while females had red-tipped abdomens, unlike individuals from eastern populations in which individuals of both sexes are generally red-tipped.

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Literature Cited

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